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| **SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ NỘI TRƯỜNG THPT TRẦN PHÚ-HOÀN KIẾM** | **NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP HỌC KỲ II** **Môn: Tiếng Anh 11** ***Năm học 2020-2021*** |

**I. TOPICS :**1. Global warming 2. Further education 3. Our world heritage

 4. Cities of the future 5. Healthy lifestyle and longevity

**II. GRAMMAR**

Present perfect, Present perfect continuous, Present gerund and Perfect gerund ,Participle and to – infinitive clauses, Question tags, Conditional sentences, Reported speech with conditionals, to-infinitives and gerunds

**III. PRONUNCIATION:**

1. Strong and weak forms of words in connected speech.
2. Contracted forms nouns / pronouns, etc. + verbs; verbs + not.
3. Linking between a consonant and a vowel.
4. Elision of weak vowels before /l/, /n/, and /r/.
5. Falling and rising intonation.

**IV. TYPES OF EXERCISES:**

* 1. Phonetics: Pronunciation & Stress.
	2. Multiple choice/ choose the best answer.
	3. Give the correct form of the given words.
	4. Reading comprehension. (Answer the questions and fill in the gap)
	5. Rewrite sentences with the given words.
	6. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

**EXERCISES**

**A. PHONETICS**

***I. Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.***

1. A. **a**verage B. **a**bsorb C. **a**wareness D. **a**larming

2. A. cap**t**ure B. ma**t**ure C. nur**t**ure D. tempera**t**ure

3. A. **c**onservation B. s**c**ene C.in**c**rease D. e**c**ology

4. A. short**age** B. aver**age** C. mess**age** D. mass**age**

5. A. ac**a**demic B. **a**nalytical C. **a**wareness D. **a**pprentice

6. A. ter**t**iary B. doc**t**oral C. ins**t**itute D. tu**t**orial

7. A. s**ch**olarship B. me**ch**anic C. s**ch**ool D. **ch**ocolate

8. A. appre**c**iate B. so**c**ial C. ra**c**ial D. a**c**ademic

9. A. **i**ntact B. p**i**ne C. compr**i**se D. prof**i**le

10. A. architect**ur**e B. feat**ur**e C. man**ur**e D. infrastruct**ur**e

11. A. cul**t**ural B. na**t**ural C. ma**t**ure D. cen**t**ury

12. A. p**a**lace B. int**a**ct C. n**a**tural D. mos**a**ic

13. A. c**u**isine B. s**u**bsequent C. c**u**ltural D. ab**u**ndant

14. A. rel**i**c B. **i**tinerary C. el**i**gible D. **i**ntact

 15. A. **c**onserve B. poeti**c** C. mosai**c** D. magnifi**c**ent

16. A. pr**o**tect B. rec**o**gnize C. ph**o**tograph D. fl**o**ra

17.A. pr**o**vide B. pr**o**vince C. v**o**lunteer D. p**o**pulation

18. A. cl**i**mate B. des**i**gner C. d**i**scussion D. env**i**ronment

19. A. dw**e**ller B. **e**nergy C. t**e**chnology D. **e**lectricity

20. A. **s**ustainable B. de**s**igner C. infra**s**tructure D. re**s**cue

***II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others.***

1. A. atmosphere B. infectious C. ecology D. sustainable

2. A. environment B. temperature C. alternative D. efficient

3. A. harvest B. reduce C. climate D. impact

4. A. responsible B. remarkable C. exotic D. biosphere

5. A. diploma B. compulsory C. vocational D. institute

6. A. curriculum B. bachelor C. graduate D. internship

7. A. mandatory B. apprentice C. respective D. vocational

8. A. schedule B. access C. require D. broaden

9. A. dynasty B. citadel C. palace D. preserve

10. A. elegant B. various C. reasonable D. efficient

11. A. experience B. heritage C. architecture D. monument

12. A. remain B. remarkable C. exotic D. sightseeing

13. A. archaeology B. acknowledge C. awareness D. authentic

14. A. citadel B. criteria C. sightseeing D. ecosystem

15. A. opportunity B. geographical C. excavation D. accommodation

16. A. harmonious B. remarkable C. imperial D. mausoleum

17. A. understand B. generate C. innovate D. concentrate

18. A. different B. comfortable C. natural D. domestic

19. A. threaten B. appear C. modernize D. damage

20. A. influence B. confidence C. assistance D. terrorism

**B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

***I. Choose the best answer.***

1. My Son Sanctuary is a large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of religious relics comprising more than 70 architectural works.

A. group B. complex C. pile D. part

 2. The hotel restaurant is noted for its excellent\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. accommodation B.cuisine C. price D. order

 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have discovered signs of human activity dating back almost 30,000 years.

 A. Archaeologists B. biologists C. sociologist D. psychologists4

4. Somebody's just called my name, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. is he B. have they C. haven't they D. hasn’t they

5. If you freeze water, it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_into ice.

A.turns B. is turning C. turned D. would turn

6. Telecommunication is bound to have a huge influence on various aspects of our lives.

A. depression B. technique C. expect D. impact

7. Science has shown that many types of chronic diseases are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to people's bad eating habits.

A. given B. attributed C. contributed D. caused

8. The teacher accused her students\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_attention to what she said.

A. not paying B. on not paying C. of not paying D. not to pay

9. Sleep, rest and relaxation can slow down the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. ageing process B. life expectancy C. cholesterol D. health

10. We had to wait for a long time to get our visa, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

 A. did we B. didn’t we C. had we D. hadn’t we

11. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. expected B. unexpected C. expectedly D. unexpectedly

12. Don't leave the TV\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you are watching it.

A. if B. unless C. because D. so

13. ……………….. for years, he died because of lung cancer.

A. Having been smoking B. Having smoked C. Have smoked D. Have been smoked

14. She looked forward to ……………….. her friend's letter.

A. having received B. receiving C. receive D. received

15. Tom suggested ……………….. out for dinner.

A. having gone B. to go C. going D.Have gone

16. They delayed ……………….. the match because the weather was too bad.

A. holding B. having held C. being held D. held

17. She …… in the library all day; she ……… the book she needs for her research already.

A. was staying... found B. is staying... has found

C. has been staying... had found D. has been staying...has found

18. Hillary and Norgay were the first \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Everest.

A. to climb B. climbing C. climbed D. climb

19. The police \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the crime are looking for the murderer.

A. investigated B. investigating C. investigation D. to investigate

20. The skyscraper unluckily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the terrorism recently is now being re-built.

A. demolish B. to be demolished C. demolishing D. demolished

21. There was no one in the room except for a lady \_\_ by the window \_\_a newspaper.

A. standing/reading B. stood/reading C. standing/read D. stood/read

22. The girl \_\_\_\_ in the explosion at the city center last weekend is reported to be still at hospital.

A. being wounded B. wounded C. wound D. to wound

***II. Complete the sentence with the correct question tags.***

1. It was a sunny day yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

2. Mary didn’t make the cake by herself, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

3. No one wants to be left behind, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

4. We never had any intention to move out of the dormitory, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

5. Let's play table tennis together, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

6. You shouldn't drink tea late at night, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

7. He might go to his office today, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

8. It's been raining all day long, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

9. In America, everybody works very hard, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

10. He must go to hospital as soon as possible, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

11. Tom won't be late, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

12. You weren't listening, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

13. Jack's on holiday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

14. Kate's applied for the job, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

15. There are a lot of chairs in the room, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

16. Let's go shopping this weekend, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

17. I'm too impatient, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

18. She'd never met him before, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

19. Don't take that coat, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

20. John was late for work yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

***III. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct forms.***

1. If I didn't feel so tired, I (go) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ out with you.

2. If you (not pass) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the exam, would you take it again?

3. If I (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you, I would apply for the job.

4. I could repair the car if I (have) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the right tools.

5. If I (study) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard, I would have passed the exam.

6. If I (not be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ busy yesterday, I would have visited you.

7. She (go) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the university if she had had the opportunity.

8. Suppose they had offered her a job, do you think she (take) \_\_\_\_\_\_ it?

9. If she hadn't been ill yesterday, she (go) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to work now.

10. If I (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you, I wouldn't have told him the truth yesterday.

11. If today were Monday, I (not go) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to work yesterday.

12. What would happen if you (not go) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to work tomorrow.

13. If I had gone to your party last night, I (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very tired now.

14. She must apologize to me or I (never speak) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to her again.

15. If he hadn't stayed up late, he (not finish) \_\_\_\_\_\_ his task yesterday.

***IV. Correct word forms.***

***1. Fill in the missing words from the word bank. You may have to change the form***

|  |
| --- |
| global warming water pollution chemical fertilizers ecological balancedeforestation emission catastrophic greenhouse gas climate change carbon footprint |

1. We are all beginning to experience …………. due to the enhanced greenhouse effect.

2. Global warming occurs when the ……… in the atmosphere trap the heat from the sun.

3. ………… from factories is one of the reasons causing serious pollution to a large area.

4. ……………….. throughout the world can be problem for people and living organisms in need of safe drinking water.

5. Some people try to reduce their …….. because they are concerned about climate change.

6. ……………….. has been shown to cause floods and drought.

7. Everyone would like to avoid ……………….. natural disasters at all cost.

8. Certain human activities such as burning of fossil fuels and changes in land use have been identified as primary causes of ongoing …………….., often referred to as global warming.

9. The environmentalist stressed on cultivation of herbal plants and protection of wild life for ………………..

10. …….. may result in fruits and vegetables with lower nutritional value and less flavor.

***2. Complete the sentences, using the correct form of the words in brackets.***

1. Requirements for admission to high-level graduate programs is extremely ……………….. and admitted students are expected to perform well. (COMPETE)

2. The Government is committed to ensuring that all education authorities operate effective systems of staff ……………….. and review. (DEVELOP)

3. Online ……………….. education has made it easier than ever for students to learn various trade skills and soft skills from established professionals in the industry. (VOCATION)

4. ……………….. to university in Vietnamis determined through the National High School Graduation Examination, whose results will be considered for evaluation. (ENTER)

5. In America, among undergraduate fields of study, science, technology, engineering, math, and business generally offer the highest wages and best chances of ………….. (EMPLOY)

6. According to Communicative Language Teaching approach, the goal of language education is the ……………….. to communicate in the target language. (ABLE)

7. Vocational training programs generally focus on ……………….. students with hands-on instruction, and can lead to certification, a diploma or certificate. (PROVIDE)

8. Their college has an excellent reputation in ……………….. results and vocational education. (ACADEMY)

9. A lecture is an oral presentation intended to present ……………….. or teach people about a particular subject. (INFORM)

10. The admission to a postgraduate program at an Argentine University requires the full ……………….. of any undergraduate course. (COMPLETE)

***3. Supply the correct form of the words provided in the below paragraph.***

**KENYA**

Kenya, a country in East Africa, is famous for its (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (SCENE) landscapes and vast wildlife (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (PRESERVATION). Its Indian Ocean coast provided (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (HISTORY) important ports by which goods from Arabian and Asian (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (TRADE) have entered the continent for many centuries. Along that coast, which holds some of the finest beaches in Africa, are (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (DOMINATE) Muslim Swahili cities such as Mombasa, a historic center that has contributed much to the (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (MUSIC) and culinary heritage of the country. Inland are populous highlands famed for both tea plantations, an (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (ECONOMY) staple during the British colonial era, their

(8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (VARY) of animal species, including lions, elephants, cheetahs, rhinoceroses, and hippopotamuses. Kenya's (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (WEST) provinces, marked by lakes and rivers, are forested, while a small portion of the north is desert and semi-desert. The country's (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (DIVERSITY) wildlife and panoramic geography draw large numbers of (11) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (EUROPE) and North American visitors, and tourism is an important (12) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (CONTRIBUTE) to Kenya's economy.

(Text adapted from https://www.britannica. com/place/Kenya)

***4. Complete each sentence with one of the words from the box. You may have to change the form of the words. There are more given words than needed.***

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| --- |
| Pessimism livable sustainable infrastructure inhabitants warming non-renewable optimistic overcrowded dwellers consumption global |

1. His research is focusing on the social and economic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of his country.

2. The camp site is so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that we don’t have enough space to sleep.

3. The goal of the nation is to reach a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economic growth.

4. Should we continue to use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy such as coal or petroleum?

5. Wellington (New Zealand) is one of the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cities in the world.

6. City \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tend to have more job opportunities than people in rural areas.

7. Local \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ receive many priorities from the local government.

8. My new car has a low petrol \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

9. Global \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is making a lot of negative impacts on human daily life.

10. We should keep a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ attitude towards the future of humankind.

***5. Fill in the missing words from the word bank. You may have to change the form of the words.***

|  |
| --- |
| X-ray meditation surgeon crutch insomnia Prescription Contagious nutritio natural remedy scald  |

1. The piece of paper you get from the doctor to take to the chemist's to obtain medicine is called a(n) ……………….. .

2. Be careful with that boiling water; you might ……………….. yourself!

3. If a disease is ….., it means it can be spread from person to person, especially in the air.

4. ……………….. are medicinal products in which the active ingredients are derived from natural sources and have not been processed too much.

5. If you suffer from ……………….. your doctor may recommend taking sleeping tablets.

6. A(n) ……………….. is a doctor whose job is to perform operations.

7. Even though they taste great, fast foods don't contain much ……………….. value.

8. You may have broken one of your ribs. I think we'd better take a(n) ….., just to make sure.

9. When she broke her leg, she had to go around on ……….. for several weeks afterwards.

10. If you can take out 30 minutes each day from your busy schedule to sit still and …….., it will do you wonders.

***6. Choose the correct words in the bracket to complete the sentences.***

*innovation availability urbanization detectors inhabitants*

*sustainability developments investment creation optimistic*

1. Songdo is unique, offering city \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ something they have never had access to before.

2. The city officials are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that the downtown will continue to be a green population center.

3. The information will be collected through the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. Cities need to make full use of land in order to achieve urban \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. Some of the other problems predicted for the near future include limited and diminishing arable land, deforestation, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and degradation of land and water.

6. For South Korea, Songdo is more than a hi-tech business district, but a temple for future \_\_\_\_.

7. Songdo is the prototype for the green \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Korean government wants to build the economy on in the future.

8. The pace of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is happening fast in the United States.

9. I think the cities of tomorrow also need to consider the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of open space.

10. Cities at their best are social environments where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and human developments go hand in hand.

**C. READING**

 ***1. Fill in the blank with a suitable word in the box.***

*self-driven decrease estimate circuits intelligent increase*

*booming technology digitization non-renewable advancements*

The cities of the future will see a large number of (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ homes that can communicate with their owners. In fact, things that were earlier considered science fiction are already coming to life in smart cities such as Masdar in the United Arab Emirates, where an automated underground transport network fully by solar power is already running (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

With smart (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the possibility of having huge savings on electricity and power is within our reach. Sensors are being developed so that street lights of the future will switch on only when you are close by. The smart technology in (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cars will enable you to save on gas and other (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy sources. In fact, smart cities will aim to neutralize the use of fossil fuels completely.

The cities of the future will have to adapt quickly to rapid technological (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

in IT and engineering. The gap between technological leaps is going to (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ over time. Technology will help bridge the current gap between the government and public in the cities of the future, given that IT and (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will make these cities more open and social.

Another thing that we can all agree on is that the cost of building in these smart cities is going to be considerable. An (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can be derived based on the latest smart city developments in India. With the (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ population, the Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi is pushing to attract investments to fuel rapid development projects in the country.

***2.* Fill in the blanks with a suitable word in the box.**

*guardians sacred intricate dilapidated downtown*

*mainland chiseled bridge archaeologists*

**MY SON SANCTUARY**

Hidden away in the tropical forest near the port city of Da Nang and the very popular World Heritage town of Hoi An is the Champa civilization’s (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ valley of My Son, or “Beautifal Mountain”. I joined the full day package tour from Hoi An, which was quite very convenient as it included all transportation, ticket fee. lunch and guide. I arrived in My Son around 10 o’clock. After walking for a while, I found the complex of tourist facilities, and one of them is the performance hall. Our guide insisted us keeping going into the forest. Within few minutes, I started to see the complex of ancient Hindu temples made from brick

At first, the (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ state of the complex was quite shocking, and almost nothing was left to see. I decided to discover the site by myself and I started to be impressed by the amazing quality of brick carving details. The image of Hinduism (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and angels are truly beautiful and reminded me about Angkor in Cambodia. For me, My Son is the great evidence of how Southern Indian art expanded to Southeast Asia since ancient Cham people came from Java where Indian art flourished, and later expand to modern day Vietnam and later Cambodia and Thailand. The construction method of My Son is also very unique: Cham people built a whole block of bricks then burned them to make the whole brick block very solid and strong then (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into the temple. I walked around the complex many times to enjoy its (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ motifs until the guide informed that there are more complex to see.

I went to see another complex, this one is located on the hill and recently partial rebuilt by a group of Italian (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and they are planning to rebuild more, which is a very good news for My Son preservation. The rebuilt complex is very lovely and illustrates the original layout very well even though the new brick really contrasts with the old ones. After that, the guide took me back to the bus and back to Hoi An, it was exactly 3 hours inside My Son. Despite the bad state of preservation, I really enjoyed my visit to My Son, the place has exceeded my expectation and even small complex can clearly show its value as a (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of cultural exchange between India - Java and (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Southeast Asia.

***3. Fill the blank with a suitable word in the box.***

*reach emphasis fraction traits adding arrive*

*purpose active socializing almost lifestyle*

**HIGHEST LIFE EXPECTANCY IN THE WORLD**

Longevity hot spots are located in regions of different countries where people commonly lead (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lives past the age of 100. A blue zone is considered to be a "longevity oasis" and the people who live there are believed to have the longest life expectancy on Earth.

The longest living women were found in Okinawa, Japan. Another blue zone was discovered in the mountains of Sardinia, Italy where even men (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 100 at an amazing rate, another was discovered on the Nicoya Peninsula of Costa Rica in 2007. Only one of the blue zone is located in the United States. It was found when researchers who were staying in Loma Linda, California discovered they suffered from a (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the diseases that commonly kill people in other parts of the United States and throughout the developed world. The final blue zone was found on an expedition to the island of Ikaria, Greece where they have 50% lower rates of heart disease, 20% less cancer, and (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ zero dementia - loss of memory.

What's their secret formula for (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ another 10 healthy years? Scientists focused on these longevity hot spots to answer that question and found that while it helps to have good genes, that's less than 30% of the equation. If you adopt the right (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they concluded the other 70% can be up to us. Other (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the people living in the blue zones have in common include less stress and more (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, strong (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on family, a fresh natural plant based diet, very little red meat and daily exercise. Leading their lives with a sense of (10) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was a big factor. It insures they look forward to getting up in the morning.

4. ***Fill the blank with a suitable word in the box.***

*professional instructions separation distant matters*

*subject individual systems courses*

Distant education is a rapidly developing approach to (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ throughout the business. The approach has been widely used by business, industrial, and medical organizations. For many years, doctors, veterinarians, pharmacists, engineers, and lawyers have used it to continue their (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

education. Recently, academic instructions have been using (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ education to reach a more diverse and geographically disperse audience not accessible through traditional classroom instructions.

The distinguishing characteristics of distant education is the (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the instructor and students during the learning process. The communication of the (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ matter is primarily to individuals rather than groups. As a consequence, the course content must be delivered by instructional media.

The media may be primarily printed, as in the case of traditional correspondence course. Audiocassettes, videotapes, videodiscs, computer-based instructions, and interactive video (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can be sent to (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ students. In addition, radio, broadcast television, telelectures, and teleconferences are utilized for "live" distant education. The latter two delivery (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ allow for interactive instructions between the instructor and students.

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| ***5. Read the text and answer the questions .*****Carbon footprint**The carbon footprint shows how much carbon dioxide and other **greenhouse gases** a person produces in everyday life. It measures the amount of **fossil fuels** and electricity someone uses up as well as the carbon footprint of the products they buy.When we use our cars or heat our homes with oil or natural gas, carbon dioxide and various other gases are set free. These emissions lead to a **denser** atmosphere and global warming.You can measure your carbon footprint by using a calculator that you can find on various websites. It shows you in which way your **living habits** damage the environment. The carbon footprint usually measured in tons of CO2 per year. In America for example, every citizen produces about 28 tons of carbon dioxide and other dangerous gases a year, in Great Britain the amount is about 10 tons.**How to reduce your carbon footprint**There are many actions you can take to reduce your carbon footprint.The way we travel, for example, has a major impact on our environment. Use your bike or walk for short distances. Public transport is a way of getting to places without putting a **burden** on the environment. If you use your car see to it that it is maintained correctly and that it does not burn more fuel than it should.Buying local food is also a way of **curbing** emissions into the atmosphere. Many environmental experts, however, argue that it often saves energy to buy food that is produced naturally in faraway places than consuming food grown locally in greenhouse.In your home you can **contribute** to saving energy by turning off lights if you don't need them or by **avoiding** the use of air conditioners, which contribute a lot to global warming and emit CFCs that destroy the ozone layer. Electrical **appliances** can save energy if you set them to **standby mode.****Recycling** plastic, glass and paper can also reduce your carbon footprint drastically.It is also vital to persuade others to take the same steps that you do. Only if we concentrate on reducing carbon emissions together can we hope to make our environment better.(Text adapted from http://www.english- online.at/environment/carbon-footprint/reducing-carbon-footprint.htm) **Questions.**1. What does the carbon footprint show?→ 2. According to the text, what causes global warming? → 3. How can you measure your carbon footprint? → 4. Is it difficult to find a device to measure your carbon footprint? Why or why not? → 5. What does a calculator show you? → 6. Who produces more carbon dioxide and other dangerous gases per year, the American or British citizen?→ ***6. Read the text below and answer the following questions.******Higher Education in Germany***There are currently 397 universities in Germany with a combined student population of approximately 2.8 million. Of these, 115 are universities or similar institutions; 217 are universities of applied sciences; 57 are colleges of art or music; and 8 do not belong to any of these three categories.Higher Education Institutions are either state or state-recognized institutions. In their operations, including the organization of studies and the designation and award of degrees, they are both subject to higher education legislation.Universities including various specialized institutions, offer the whole range of academic disciplines. In the German tradition, universities focus in particular on basic research so that advanced stages of study have mainly theoretical orientation and research-oriented components. Universities have the right to confer doctoral degrees and cater for the education and training of the next generation of academics.Universities of applied sciences concentrate their study programmes in engineering and other technical disciplines, business-related studies, social work, and design areas. The common mission of applied research and development implies a distinct application-oriented focus and professional character of studies, which include integrated and supervised work assignments in industry, enterprises or other relevant institutions. Almost a third of students attend universities of applied sciences.The third major group comprises the colleges of art and colleges of music offering studies for artistic careers in fine arts, performing arts and music; in such fields as directing, production, writing in theatre, film, and other media; and in a variety of design areas, architecture, media and communication.A central characteristic is the uniting of arts teaching, artistic practice and research. There is a clear difference between teaching of arts subjects, and teaching at universities and universities of applied sciences. Their core objective is to allow students to develop as artistic individuals. Two per cent of all students attend a college of arts or music. Almost all colleges of art and music have the right to confer doctoral degrees and the post-doctoral qualification for the title of ‘professor’.In total, there are approximately 10,500 different undergraduate programmes and a further 9,500 postgraduate degree programmes on offer at higher education institutions throughout Germany; There are essentially two university-level academic qualifications, a Bachelor's degree and a Master's degree. In addition, there are some subject areas in which courses lead to state-certified exams, for example, medicine, law and the training of teachers. Finally, there are still some remaining degree programmes that lead to a ‘Diploma’ qualification.(Text adapted from <https://www.hrk.de/activities/higher-education-system/>)1. What is the population of university students in Germany? → 2. What study programmes do universities of applied sciences offer?→ 3. Name some fields that the colleges of art and colleges of music offer studies for artistic careers?→ 4. What is the main objective of colleges of arts and music?→ 5. How many programmes do higher education institutions throughout Germany offer?→ 6. What is the percentage of German students who attend a college of arts or music?→ 7. What qualifications can be granted at higher education institutions throughout Germany?→ 8. In what subject areas do courses lead to state-certified examinations? → **D. WRITING*****I. Rewrite the following sentences with the given words in such a way that the second sentence has the same meaning as the first one . Do not change the form of the word in brackets.*** 1. Dickens' last novel was unfinished when he died. (WITHOUT)………………………………………………………………………………………………2. John was shocked to hear that he had failed his driving test. (CAME)………………………………………………………………………………………………3. He is likely to come. (PROBABILITY)…………………………………………………………………………………………….4. Mathew didn't listen to what his doctor told him. (NOTICE)…………………………………………………………………………………………….5. I don't feel like going to the party. (MOOD)……………………………………………………………………………………………6. The new manager blames me for everything that goes wrong. (PICKING)……………………………………………………………………………………………7. He talked about nothing except the weather. (SOLE)……………………………………………………………………………………………8. In the end, I felt I had been right to leave the club. (REGRETS)…………………………………………………………………………………………..9. He is different from his brother in almost all aspects. (BEARS)……………………………………………………………………………………………..10. The passengers don't realise how lucky they have been. (LITTLE)……………………………………………………………………………………………11. When Mary wanted a new car, she had to save up for a year. (TOOK)It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_save up to buy a new car12. The staff in that office all have great respect for their boss. (LOOK)The staff in that office\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_their boss.13. I would like to express my thanks for everything you have done for me. (THANKFUL)I'd like to say\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_am for everything you have done for me.14. The number of tourists visiting this area rose last year. (RISE)Last year\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the number of tourists visiting this area.15. Local residents said they were against the new traffic scheme. (DISAPPROVAL)Local residents expressed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the new traffic scheme. 16. Getting up early makes me feel hungry. (EARLY)If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hungry.17. If I eat tomatoes, I get bad stomach problems. (ALLERGIC)I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_tomatoes; If I eat them, I get bad stomach problems.18. If you reconsider our offer, I think you might change your mind.(WERE)If you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I think you might change your mind.19. Thanks to the security officer, the robbery did not succeed.(HADN'T)If it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_officer, the robbery would have succeeded.20. Aliens might land on earth unnoticed (MIGHT)If aliens\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_not be noticed.***II. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.*** 1. The house was so badly damaged in the fire that it couldn't be repaired. The house……………………………………………………………………………….2. You won't reach the station in less than twenty minutes. It………………………………………………………………………………………….3. The collision didn't damage my car much. Not a………………………………………………………………………………………4. Just thinking about his face at that moment makes me laugh. The…………………………………………………………………………………………5. I took my car to the garage last Saturday and they resprayed it. I had……………………………………………………………………………………….6. Although Christopher was the stronger of the two, his attacker soon overpowered him. Despite………………………………………………………………………………………7. What a surprise to see you here! Fancy………………………………………………………………………………………8. It was only when I left home that I realised how much my father meant to me. Not until………………………………………………………………………………9. The house collapsed because of faulty building work.It was…………………………………………………………………………………10. The boys clearly intended to make trouble when they entered the hotel.The boys…………………………………………………………………………………….11. The police think the burglar got in through the bathroom window.The burglar…………………………………………………………………………………12. She was sorry that she hadn't applied for the job in the library.She regretted……………………………………………………………………………….13. People used to think that the earth was flat.It used to……………………………………………………………………………………14. His mother was the most warm-hearted person I've ever known.I’ve……………………………………………………………………………………15. People say that the driver was listening to his Walkman at the time of the crash.The driver…………………………………………………………………………………16. Thanks to the improvement in export sales, the company has had a successful year.Without…………………………………………………………………………………….17. I'm sorry I didn't go to your birthday party last night.I wish……………………………………………………………………………………...18. People believe that the Prime Minister will resign tomorrow.The Prime Minister……………………………………………………………………..19. They are going to repair our car next week.We are going………………………………………………………………………………..20. Although it was raining heavily, none of the guests came late. In spite of………………………………………………………………………………….***III. Rewrite the following sentences using present participle, past participle or to-infinitive.*** 1. The man who is talking to John is from Korea. ………………………………………………………………………………………………2. The ideas which are presented in that book are interesting. ………………………………………………………………………………………………3. Ann is the woman who is responsible for preparing the budget. ………………………………………………………………………………………………4. English has an alphabet that consists of 26 letters. ………………………………………………………………………………………………5. The books that are on that shelf are mine. ………………………………………………………………………………………………6. The children who attend that school receive a good education.……………………………………………………………………………………………7. The psychologists who study the nature of sleep have made important discoveries. ……………………………………………………………………………………………8. The sunlight which comes through the window wakes me up early every morning.………………………………………………………………………………………………9. John Quincy Adams, who was born on July 11th 1767, was the sixth president of the United States. ……………………………………………………………………………………………10. These are the ancient houses which were built a long time ago. ………………………………………………………………………………………………***IV. Change the following sentences to Indirect speech.*** 1. Mark said, "I went camping 5 days ago."………………………………………………………………………………………………2. "If Brain doesn't train harder, I won't select him for the team" said the manager. ………………………………………………………………………………………………3. "Our correspondent in Paris sent this report some days ago" said the editor in-chief. ………………………………………………………………………………………………4. "How long have you been waiting here?" the girl asked me. ………………………………………………………………………………………………5. "Do not write on the wall" said the teacher to the boys. ………………………………………………………………………………………………6. “Take your place in the queue" the nurse said to the old man. ………………………………………………………………………………………………7. "How many jobs have you had since you left school?" the interviewer asked Jack. ……………………………………………………………………………………………8. "Why didn't you report the incident to the police last week?" the officer asked the frightened witness. ……………………………………………………………………………………………9. "Why hasn't Peter phoned?" she wondered. ………………………………………………………………………………………………10. "If I were you, I wouldn't trust Peter" she told John. ……………………………………………………………………………………………***V. Change the following sentences to Indirect speech.*** 1. “Why don’t you organize an English competition for our students?” said Ms. Lien.  Ms. Lien suggested\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_2. “I’m sorry. I’m late.” said Mr. Thanh. Mr. Thanh apologized\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_3. “Me? No, I didn’t take Sue’s calculator.” Said Bob. Bob denied\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_4. “You were cheating” said David to Henry. David accused \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_5. “I must see the manager.” he cried. He insisted\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_6. “If you wanted to take my bike, you should have asked me first” said Mike to his brother.Mike criticized\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_7. “You won the scholarship. Congratulation,” Mary told me.Mary congratulated\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_8. “It was kind of you to help me with my homework” Lan said to Hoa.Lan thanked\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_9. “Shall we walk there? It’s not far,” he said. He proposed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_10. “Turn off the computer. You are not allowed to play game now.” Tom’s mother said. Tom’s mother prevented\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ***VI. Change the following sentences to Indirect speech.*** 1. Joe said “ Please come to my party”. → Joe invited me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. My teacher said, “ I think you should take another English course” . →My teacher advised me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Mrs. Brown said, “ You may use the phone”.→ Mrs. Brown permitted me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. The doctor said, “ Take a deep breath”. →The doctor told the patient \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. My mother said, “ Make an appointment with the dentist”→ My mother reminded me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. The Smiths said, “ Would you like to come to our house for dinner?”. → The Smiths invited us\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. The judge said, “ You must pay a fine of fifty dollars”→The judge ordered Mr. John\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. Bill said “ Don’t touch the hot pot”. → Bill warned me not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. Sue said “ Don’t buy a used car” .→Sue advised me not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. Mr. Gray said” Don’t play in the street”. →Mr. Gray warned the children not\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  THE END |  |