**REVIEW UNIT 8: THE WORLD OF WORK(2)\_ ENGLISH 12**

**( Tuần từ 6/4 đến 11/4)**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs fromthe other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

1. A. certificate B. demonstrate C. compassionate D. attendant

2. A. align  B. recognise C. unique D. specialise

3. A. approachable B. charity C. chef  D. chopsticks

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three inthe position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.**

4. A. covering B. applicant C. encourage D. dealership

5. A. discover B. addition C. fantastic D. habitat

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the followingquestions.**

6. Employers will often take on students for a \_\_\_\_ but you can also apply for as internship after you graduate.

A. leap year B. gap year C. light year D. calendar year

7. A CV is a concise document which summarizes your past existing professional skills, proficiency and \_\_\_\_.

A. qualifications B. experiences C. reputation D. feelings

8. Almost half of the \_\_\_\_ are perfectly suitable for the vacancy.

A. employees B. competitors C. candidates D. applications

9. The job market is very in our country.

A.competitive B. dangerous C.risky D.crowded

10. Larry has been working hard, so his boss is considering giving him a .

A.progression B.salary C.promotion D.rise

11. His responsibility as the team leader is to other workers to give their best.

A.motivate B. force C. advance D.insist

12. List down only your work experiences that are to the job description of the position you are applying for.

A.relating B. relative C. relate D.relevant

13. All applicants need to send in a along with their application letter.

A.degree B. credential C. CV D.document

14. I love working freelance because it allows me the opportunity to work .

A.flexible B. flexitime C. flexed D.flexihours

15. To work at big companies such as Google or IBM, you need to have good .

A.certificate B. degree C. qualification D.major

16. Jeff wanted to know \_\_\_\_.

A. that why were his friends laughing B. why were his friends laughing

C. why his friends were laughing D. the reason why his friends laughing

17. Mr. Hawk told me that he would give me his answer the \_\_\_\_ day.

A. previous B. following C. before D. last

18. Marigold wondered \_\_\_\_ Kevin and Ruth would be at the party.

A. that B. whether C. if D. B & C

19. He asked me \_\_\_\_.

A. how long I have studied English B. how long had I studied English

C. how long I had study English D. how long I had studied English

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to theunderlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

20. There were some very strong candidates for the job but none of them **met** my expectations.

A. surpassed B. overcame C. fulfilled  D. underestimated

21. She has two degrees but she has only found a part-time, **temporary** job.

A. permanent B. long-run C. stable D. short-term

**Indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

22. My partner was **made redundant** last November and hasn't secured further employment as yet.

A. fired B. sacked  C. laid off D. appointed

23. With unemployment at a record level, retraining programmes would pay off **in the long run**.

A. lastingly B. temporarily C. stably D. durably

**Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank spare in the following passage.**

Most people need some preparation before they are (24) \_\_\_\_ for the workforce, and planning should begin long before it is time to start a career.

Many high school students don't yet know what they want to do. High school is a great time to start thinking about careers. Setting on just one (25) \_\_\_\_ in high school isn't necessary, but they should know how to explore careers and put time into investigating them and learning about their skills and interests.

Understanding what you enjoy and what you are good at is the first step in (26) \_\_\_\_ careers. It is important to think about what you like to do because work will eventually be a big part of the life. Once you have thought about the subjects and activities you like best, the next step is to look for careers that put those interests to use. If you love sports, for example, you might (27) \_\_\_\_ a career as a gym teacher, or a coach.

Another approach to identifying potential career interests is to consider local employers and the types of jobs they have. There are many jobs in manufacturing and healthcare near the high school. Talking directly to workers can help you get information about what they do. If you don't know workers in occupations (28) \_\_\_\_ interest you, ask people such as parents, friends, or teachers for their contacts.

24. A. near  B. ready  C. secretive D. similar

25. A. present  B. pastime  C. employment D. occupation

26. A. explore  B. explored  C. exploring  D. explores

27.A. consider  B. contain  C. exclude D. prevent

28. A. that  B. how  C. why  D. when

**Read the following passage and choose among A, B, C or D the correct answer to each of the questions.**

Telecommuting is some form of computer communication between employees' homes and offices. For employees whose job involve sitting at a terminal or word processor entering data or typing reports, the location of the computer is **of no consequence**. If the machine can communicate over telephone lines, when the work is completed, employees can dial the office computer and transmit the material to their employers. A recent survey in USA Today estimates that there are approximately 8.7 million telecommuters. But although the numbers are rising annually, the trend does not appear to be as significant as predicted when Business Week published "The Portable Executive" as its cover story a few years ago. Why hasn't telecommuting become more popular?

Clearly, change simply takes time. But in addition, there has been active resistance on the part of many managers. These executives claim that supervising the telecommuters in a large work force scattered across the country would be too difficult, or at least systems for managing **them** are not yet developed, thereby complicating the manager's responsibilities.

It is also true that employees who are given the option of telecommuting are **reluctant** to accept the opportunity. Most people feel that they need regular interaction with a group, and many are concerned that they will not have the same consideration for advancement if they are not more visible in the office setting. Some people feel that even when a space in their homes is set aside as a work area, they never really get away from the office.

29. With which of the following topics is the passage primarily concerned?

A. An overview of telecommuting B. The failure of telecommuting

C. The advantages of telecommuting D. A definition of telecommuting

30. How many Americans are involved in telecommuting?

A. More than predicted in Business Week B. More than 8 million

C. Fewer than last year D. Fewer than estimated in USA Today

31. The phase “**of no consequence**” means \_\_\_\_.

 A. of no use B. irrelevant C. of no good D. unimportant

32. The author mentions all of the following as concerns of telecommuting EXCEPT \_\_\_\_.

 A. the opportunities for advancement B. the different system of supervision

 C. the lack of interaction with a group D. the work place is in the home

33. The word “**them**” in the second paragraph relent to \_\_\_\_.

A. telecommuters B. systems C. executives D. responsibilities

34. The reason why telecommuting has not become popular is that the employees \_\_\_\_.

A. need regular interaction with their families.

B. are worried about the promotion if they are not seen at the office.

C. feel that a work area in their home is away from the office.

D. are ignorant of telecommuting.

35. The word “**reluctant”** in paragrap 3 can best be replaced by \_\_\_\_.

A. opposite B. willing  C. hesitant D. typical

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to each of the following questions.**

36. The secretary said, "Sorry, I will never work on Sunday.”

A. The secretary promised not to work on Sunday.

B. The secretary refused not to work on Sunday.

C. The secretary reminded her boss to work on Sunday.

D. The secretary refused to work on Sunday.

37. "Joanna, please come to my office immediately," the boss said.

A. The boss invited Joanna to come to his office immediately.

B. The boss warned Joanna to come to his office immediately.

C. The boss asked Joanna to come to his office immediately.

D. The boss told Joanna please come to his office immediately.

38. “Susan, can you remember to photocopy these documents for tomorrow's meeting?"said the line manager.

A. The line manager advised Susan to photocopy those documents for the meeting tomorrow.

B. The line manager reminded Susan to photocopy those documents for the meetingthe following day.

C. The line manager invited Susan to photocopy these documents for the meeting thefollowing day.

D. The line manager reminded Susan to photocopy these documents for the meetingthe following day.

39. "Go on, Mike! Apply for the job," the father said.

A. The father encouraged Mike to apply for the job.

B. The father denied applying for the job.

C. The father invited Mike to apply for the job.

D. The father forced Mike to apply for the job.

40. “I would like a cup of coffee, please,” Ms. Smith said to the waitress.

A. Ms. Smith ordered the waitress to bring her a cup of coffee.

B. Ms. Smith invited the waitress a cup of coffee.

C. Ms. Smith advised the waitress to drink a cup of coffee.

D. Ms. Smith warned the waitress not to drink coffee.

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